

Lead in Drinking Water – Public and Nonpublic Schools

Updated in response to legislation effective as of June 1, 2021

IMPORTANT NOTICE: ELEVATED LEAD WATER SAMPLE RESULT(S) **Eastport Elementary School**

ELEVATED LEAD WATER SAMPLE RESULT(S)

All Maryland public and nonpublic schools are required to sample all drinking water outlets for the presence of lead pursuant to the Code of Maryland Regulations. On September 19, 2023, six (6) lead water samples were collected from Eastport Elementary School. Of these lead water samples, zero (0) had levels of lead exceeding the State's revised action level of 5 parts per billion (ppb) (*formerly 20 ppb; 5 ppb effective June 1, 2021*) for lead in drinking water in school buildings.

ACTION LEVEL (AL)

Effective June 1, 2021, the State's AL for lead in drinking water samples collected from outlets in school buildings has been lowered to 5 ppb. The AL is the concentration of lead which, if exceeded, triggers required remediation of drinking water outlets.

HEALTH EFFECTS OF LEAD

Lead can cause serious health problems if too much enters your body from drinking water or other sources. It can cause damage to the brain and kidneys, and can interfere with the production of red blood cells that carry oxygen to all parts of your body. The greatest risk of lead exposure is to infants, young children, and pregnant women. Lead is stored in the bones and it can be released later in life. During pregnancy, the fetus receives lead from the mother's bones, which may affect brain development. Scientists have linked the effects of lead on the brain with lowered IQ in children. Adults with kidney problems and high blood pressure can be affected by low levels of lead more than healthy adults.

SOURCES OF HUMAN EXPOSURE TO LEAD

There are many different sources of human exposure to lead. These sources include: lead-based paint, lead-contaminated dust or soil, some plumbing materials, certain types of pottery, pewter, brass fixtures, food, and cosmetics, exposure in the workplace and exposure from certain hobbies, brass faucets, fittings, and valves. According to the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), 10 to 20 percent of a person's potential exposure to lead may come from drinking water, while for an infant consuming formula mixed with lead-containing water this may increase to 40 to 60 percent.

IMMEDIATE ACTIONS TAKEN

No actions were needed.

NEXT STEPS

N/A

TO REDUCE EXPOSURE TO LEAD IN DRINKING WATER:

1. Run your water to flush out lead: If water hasn't been used for several hours, run water for 15 to 30 seconds or until it becomes cold or reaches a steady temperature before using it for drinking or cooking.
2. Use cold water for cooking and preparing baby formula: Lead from the plumbing dissolves more easily into hot water.

Please note that boiling the water will not reduce lead levels.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

For additional information, please contact the Environmental, Health and Safety Office at 443-770-5950. For additional information on reducing lead exposure around your home/building and the health effects of lead, visit EPA's website at www.epa.gov/lead. If you are concerned about exposure; contact your local health department or healthcare provider to find out how you can get your child tested for lead.



AACPS - Operations Division
9034 Ft. Smallwood Road

Pasadena, MD 21122
Attention: Chris Williams; Brian Wells

Thursday, December 28, 2023

Certificate of Analysis
FINAL

Project Information:

Report for Lab No: 70003.

School: Eastport ES

Sampling by regulation to Maryland House Bill 270 - Lead in Drinking Water

P.O. Number: PO 21B21062901660

Sampling by Martel personnel on September 19, 2023.

References and Important Notes:

SM="Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater", American Public Health Association, American Water Works Association, and Water Environment Federation. Year in method code is approved date.
40CFR141=U.S. "Code of Federal Regulations", Title 40, Protection of the Environment, Part 141, National Primary Drinking Water Regulations.

Notices:

Chain of Custody Form(s) are attached and are an integral part of this report.
This report will be retained for at least five years and will be disposed of without notice.
Measurement uncertainty for each listed test is available upon request.
The results presented herein relate only to the samples or items tested.
All samples tested were in acceptable condition, unless otherwise noted.


Project Manager



Certificate of Analysis

MARTEL NO. 70003 8 CLIENT SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION Hallway Fountain outside main office (Top) [BF--C] Sample Date/Time 09/19/2023 06:24

Compound	Test Value	Test Unit	Method	Detection Limit	Analysis Date/Time/Initial
Lead	<2	ug/l	EPA .200.8	2	12/04/2023 13:03 EK

MARTEL NO. 70003 60 CLIENT SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION Hallway Fountain outside 203 (Top) [BF--C] Sample Date/Time 09/19/2023 06:31

Compound	Test Value	Test Unit	Method	Detection Limit	Analysis Date/Time/Initial
Lead	<2	ug/l	EPA .200.8	2	12/04/2023 13:15 EK

MARTEL NO. 70003 60A CLIENT SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION Hallway Fountain outside 203 (Bottom) [DF--C] Sample Date/Time 09/19/2023 06:31

Compound	Test Value	Test Unit	Method	Detection Limit	Analysis Date/Time/Initial
Lead	<2	ug/l	EPA .200.8	2	12/04/2023 13:17 EK

MARTEL NO. 70003 8A CLIENT SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION Hallway Fountain outside main office (Bottom) [DF--C] Sample Date/Time 09/19/2023 06:24

Compound	Test Value	Test Unit	Method	Detection Limit	Analysis Date/Time/Initial
Lead	<2	ug/l	EPA .200.8	2	12/04/2023 13:20 EK

MARTEL NO. 70003 9 CLIENT SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION Gymnasium Fountain (Top) [BF--C] Sample Date/Time 09/19/2023 06:27

Compound	Test Value	Test Unit	Method	Detection Limit	Analysis Date/Time/Initial
Lead	<2	ug/l	EPA .200.8	2	12/04/2023 13:22 EK

MARTEL NO. 70003 9A CLIENT SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION Gymnasium Fountain (Bottom) [DF--C] Sample Date/Time 09/19/2023 06:27

Compound	Test Value	Test Unit	Method	Detection Limit	Analysis Date/Time/Initial
Lead	<2	ug/l	EPA .200.8	2	12/04/2023 13:24 EK

MARTEL Chain of Custody Record

Martel Laboratories JDS Inc., 1025 Cromwell Bridge Rd., Baltimore, MD 21286, (410) 825-7790, FAX (410) 821-1054, email: martel@martellabs.com

Anne Arundel County Public Schools Drinking Water Lead Testing

Bottle Type: 250 ml plastic, preserved with HNO3 Analysis: Lead (EPA 200.8)

Start Date/Time: 9/19/23 620 End Date/Time: 9/19/23

Sampler/Relinquished By: [Signature] Received at Martel by [Signature] Date/Time: 9/19/23 11 AM

Eastport ES

420 Fifth St, Annapolis, MD 21403

ALL OUTLET WERE FLUSHED THE NIGHT BEFORE
SAMPLING BETWEEN THE HOURS OF 5 PM AND 9PM

Floor

Martel NO:

70003

Martel #	Sample #	Room #	Fixture Type (Sink, Bubbler, Water Fountain, Gooseneck, Ice Machine, Hose Bibb, etc.)	Outlet Key Codes	Fixture Types Key	Consumption C or NC?	Time/notes
1	8	Hallway	Fountain outside main office (Top)	BF	Bottle Refill Dispenser / Water Refill Station	C	1 624
2	60	Hallway	Fountain outside 203 (Top)	BF	Bottle Refill Dispenser / Water Refill Station	C	2 624 31
3	60A	Hallway	Fountain outside 203 (Bottom)	DF	Drinking Water Fountain - Cooler/Chiller Style	C	2 624 31
4	8A	Hallway	Fountain outside main office (Bottom)	DF	Drinking Water Fountain - Cooler/Chiller Style	C	1 624 31
5	9	Gymnasium	Fountain (Top)	BF	Bottle Refill Dispenser / Water Refill Station	C	1 627
6	9A	Gymnasium	Fountain (Bottom)	DF	Drinking Water Fountain - Cooler/Chiller Style	C	1 627

P O C